## **Rational design of Lanthanide Binding Peptides**

## Elaboration rationnelle de ligands peptidiques des ions lanthanides.

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## **Supplementary Material**

The synthesis of PHD' was performed as previously reported in references<sup>[1-3]</sup>.

**P<sup>HD'</sup>**: Ac-Ser-Ed3a<sub>2</sub>-Gly-Trp- Ada<sub>2</sub>-Ala-NH<sub>2</sub>

Yield of the on-resin synthesis (UV): 83%, Isolated mass: 19.8 mg (isolated yield assuming that the solid is **P<sup>HD'</sup>**·3TFA: 26.3%).

 $ES^+$ -MS (AcONH<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.0):  $m/z = 994.4 [M+H]^+$ 

ES<sup>-</sup>-MS (AcONH<sub>4</sub>, pH 7):  $m/z = 992.3 \text{ [M-H]}^{-}$ 

RP-HPLC:  $t_R$  =13.6 min, 97% purity, solvent A=H<sub>2</sub>O/TFA (99.925:0.0075, v/v), solvent B CH<sub>3</sub>CN/H<sub>2</sub>O/TFA (90:10:0.1 v/v/v) eluting gradient from 0% A /100% B to 60% A/40% B in 24 min, flow rate 1 mLmin<sup>-1</sup>, UV monitoring at 214 nm.

**Table S1.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) chemical shifts ( $\delta$  / ppm) for **P**<sup>HD</sup> in H<sub>2</sub>O/D<sub>2</sub>O v/v 9/1 at 278K, 3.2 mM, pH = 6.8. Signals assigned by COSY, TOCSY and ROESY 2D experiments.

Residue	HN	Ηα	Ηβ	Others
Ser(1)	8.43	4.38	3.8	Ac: 2.02
Ed3a <sub>2</sub> (2)	8.6	4.26	2.03, 1.9	Hγ: 2.96, 2.8 (m, 2H), Hδ, Hε: 3.24, 3.14 (m, 2H), Hζ, N <sub>η</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH : 3.94, 3.8
Gly(3)	8.9	4.03		
Trp(4)	8.5	4.56	3.2	Hε <sub>1</sub> : 10.16, Hε <sub>2</sub> : 7.55, Hζ <sub>2</sub> : 7.44, Hδ: 7.26, Hζ <sub>1</sub> : 7.10
$Ada_2(5)$	8.3	4.14	1.8, 1.17	Ηγ: 2.94, 2.49
Ala(6)	7.95	3.89	1.23	CONH <sub>2</sub> : 7.3, 7
other				Ed3a <sub>2</sub> (2) and Ada <sub>2</sub> (5) N <sub><math>\delta</math></sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH overlap : 3.5 (m, 6H)



buffer (10 mM, pH 7, 0.1 M KCl). Inset: Variation of the intensities of the peak maxima with Tb ( $\blacklozenge$ : 490nm  $\blacksquare$ : 545nm  $\blacktriangle$ : 587 nm)



**Figure S2.** Disappearance of the Tb-centered emission during the titration of  $\text{Tb}\mathbf{P}^{\text{HD}}$  (28  $\mu$ M) with HEDTA in HEPES buffer (10 mM, 0.1M KCl, pH 7). Inset: Variation of the intensities of the peak maxima ( $\blacktriangle$ :490nm  $\blacksquare$ :545nm  $\diamondsuit$ : 587 nm).

Complex	$ au_{H2O} (\mathrm{ms})^{\mathrm{a}}$	$ au_{D2O} (\mathrm{ms})^{\mathrm{a}}$	$q^{\mathrm{b})}$	$log\beta_{11}^{pH=7c)}$	$\log \beta_{110}^{ \  \  d)}$	Polymetallic complexes
Tb <b>P</b> <sup>HD2 [2]</sup>	2.35(2)	2.86(2)	0.08(3)	12.7(5)	16.2(5)	no
Tb <b>P<sup>HD5 [2]</sup></b>	2.30(2)	2.81(2)	0.09(3)	12.7(5)	16.2(5)	yes
Tb <b>P<sup>HD'</sup></b>	1.94(2)	2.88(2)	0.5(3)	11.9(4)	15.4(4)	yes

Table S1. Comparison of the properties of the three high denticity peptides.

<sup>a)</sup>  $\tau_{H2O}$  and  $\tau_{D2O}$  are the luminescence lifetimes of Tb<sup>3+</sup> in the complexes in HEPES buffer (10 mM, KCl 0.1 M, pH = 7.0) in 100% H<sub>2</sub>O and extrapolated to 100% D<sub>2</sub>O, respectively. <sup>b)</sup> *q* is the hydration number calculated from the lifetimes with Parker's equation<sup>-34 c)</sup>  $\beta_{11}^{pH=7}$  is the conditional stability constant of Tb**P**<sup>HD</sup> at pH 7, 298 K in 0.1 M KCl measured during the competition with HEDTA. <sup>d)</sup>  $\beta_{110}$  is the global stability constant of Tb**P**<sup>HD</sup> calculated from  $\beta_{11}^{pH=7}$  and the peptide pKas.

## References

- [1] F. Cisnetti, C. Gateau, C. Lebrun, P. Delangle, *Chem. Eur. J.* 15 (2009) 7456.
- [2] A. Niedźwiecka, F. Cisnetti, C. Lebrun, P. Delangle, *Inorg. Chem.* 51 (2012) 5458.
- [3] A. Niedźwiecka, F. Cisnetti, C. Lebrun, C. Gateau, P. Delangle, *Dalton Trans.* 41 (2012) 3239.