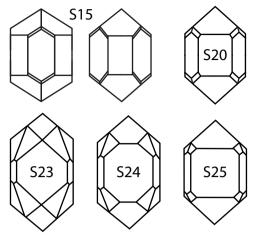
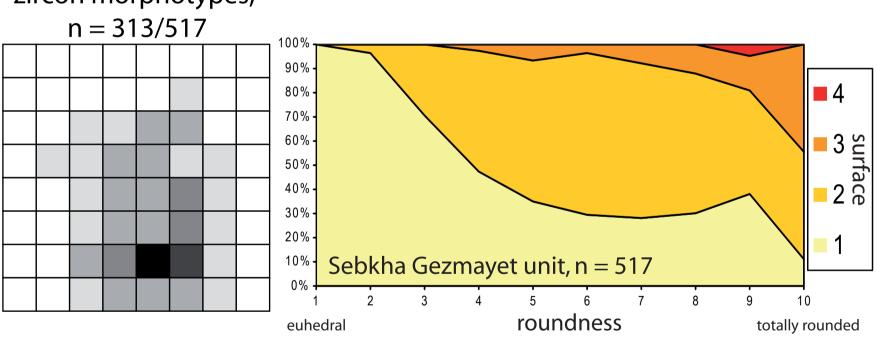


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В	AB1	AB2	AB3	AB4	AB5	А	С
Η	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	G1-3	Ι
Q1	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	P1	R1
Q2	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10	P2	R2
Q3	S11	S12	S13	S14	S15	Р3	R3
Q4	S16	S17	S18	S19	S20	P4	R4
Q5	S21	S22	S23	S24	S25	P5	R5
E	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	D	F
	H Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5	b AD1 H L1 Q1 S1 Q2 S6 Q3 S11 Q4 S16 Q5 S21	H L1 L2 Q1 S1 S2 Q2 S6 S7 Q3 S11 S12 Q4 S16 S17 Q5 S21 S22	H L1 L2 L3 Q1 S1 S2 S3 Q2 S6 S7 S8 Q3 S11 S12 S13 Q4 S16 S17 S18 Q5 S21 S22 S23	H L1 L2 L3 L4 Q1 S1 S2 S3 S4 Q2 S6 S7 S8 S9 Q3 S11 S12 S13 S14 Q4 S16 S17 S18 S19 Q5 S21 S22 S23 S24	H L1 L2 L3 L4 L5 Q1 S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 Q2 S6 S7 S8 S9 S10 Q3 S11 S12 S13 S14 S15 Q4 S16 S17 S18 S19 S20 Q5 S21 S22 S23 S24 S25	Not



Sebkha Gezmayet unit, zircon morphotypes,



Supplementary figure 1: Morphotype distribution of all definable zircon grains from the Sebkha Gezmayet unit using the classification of Pupin (1980), roundness (classes 1–10, euhedral to completely rounded, x-axis) vs. surface (percentage of classes 1–4, entirely smooth to totally pitted, y-axis) of all studied zircon grains from the Sebkha Gezmayet unit using the classification of Gärtner et al. (2013b, lower right).